
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended October 2, 2011

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 0-1088

KELLY SERVICES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE

(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

38-1510762

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

999 WEST BIG BEAVER ROAD, TROY, MICHIGAN 48084

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(248) 362-4444

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

No Change

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year,
if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "small reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

At October 28, 2011, 33,367,074 shares of Class A and 3,454,485 shares of Class B common stock of the Registrant were outstanding.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

KELLY SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS
(UNAUDITED)
(In millions of dollars except per share data)

	13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	
	Oct. 2, 2011	Oct. 3, 2010	Oct. 2, 2011	Oct. 3, 2010
Revenue from services	\$ 1,409.8	\$ 1,284.7	\$ 4,154.7	\$ 3,624.5
Cost of services	1,181.2	1,077.5	3,487.8	3,046.4
Gross profit	228.6	207.2	666.9	578.1
Selling, general and administrative expenses	206.5	192.9	621.9	555.4
Asset impairments	—	—	—	1.5
Earnings from operations	22.1	14.3	45.0	21.2
Other income (expense), net	1.0	(1.5)	(0.1)	(4.7)
Earnings from continuing operations before taxes	23.1	12.8	44.9	16.5
Income taxes	3.4	3.2	4.1	5.0
Earnings from continuing operations	19.7	9.6	40.8	11.5
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	—	—	(1.2)	—
Net earnings	\$ 19.7	\$ 9.6	\$ 39.6	\$ 11.5
Basic earnings (loss) per share:				
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.26	\$ 1.09	\$ 0.32
Loss from discontinued operations	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (0.03)	\$ —
Net earnings	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.26	\$ 1.05	\$ 0.32
Diluted earnings (loss) per share:				
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.26	\$ 1.09	\$ 0.32
Loss from discontinued operations	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (0.03)	\$ —
Net earnings	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.26	\$ 1.05	\$ 0.32
Dividends per share	\$ 0.05	\$ —	\$ 0.05	\$ —
Average shares outstanding (millions):				
Basic	36.8	36.7	36.8	35.9
Diluted	36.8	36.7	36.8	35.9

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

KELLY SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(UNAUDITED)
(In millions)

	October 2, 2011	January 2, 2011
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 73.5	\$ 80.5
Trade accounts receivable, less allowances of \$13.7 and \$12.3, respectively	939.9	810.9
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	53.7	44.8
Deferred taxes	27.0	22.4
Total current assets	<u>1,094.1</u>	<u>958.6</u>
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:		
Property and equipment	323.9	319.3
Accumulated depreciation	(232.3)	(215.3)
Net property and equipment	<u>91.6</u>	<u>104.0</u>
NONCURRENT DEFERRED TAXES	<u>89.6</u>	<u>84.0</u>
GOODWILL, NET	<u>67.3</u>	<u>67.3</u>
OTHER ASSETS	<u>145.6</u>	<u>154.5</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 1,488.2</u>	<u>\$ 1,368.4</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt	\$ 79.0	\$ 78.8
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	227.7	181.6
Accrued payroll and related taxes	283.0	243.3
Accrued insurance	31.4	31.3
Income and other taxes	60.0	56.0
Total current liabilities	<u>681.1</u>	<u>591.0</u>
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accrued insurance	53.7	53.6
Accrued retirement benefits	82.8	85.4
Other long-term liabilities	13.6	14.6
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>150.1</u>	<u>153.6</u>
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Capital stock, \$1.00 par value		
Class A common stock, shares issued 36.6 million at 2011 and 2010	36.6	36.6
Class B common stock, shares issued 3.5 million at 2011 and 2010	3.5	3.5
Treasury stock, at cost		
Class A common stock, 3.3 million shares at 2011 and 3.4 million at 2010	(68.0)	(70.3)
Class B common stock	(0.6)	(0.6)
Paid-in capital	29.3	28.0
Earnings invested in the business	635.3	597.6
Accumulated other comprehensive income	20.9	29.0
Total stockholders' equity	<u>657.0</u>	<u>623.8</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u>\$ 1,488.2</u>	<u>\$ 1,368.4</u>

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

KELLY SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(UNAUDITED)

(In millions of dollars)

	13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	
	Oct. 2, 2011	Oct. 3, 2010	Oct. 2, 2011	Oct. 3, 2010
Capital Stock				
Class A common stock				
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 36.6	\$ 36.6	\$ 36.6	\$ 36.6
Conversions from Class B	—	—	—	—
Balance at end of period	36.6	36.6	36.6	36.6
Class B common stock				
Balance at beginning of period	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Conversions to Class A	—	—	—	—
Balance at end of period	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Treasury Stock				
Class A common stock				
Balance at beginning of period	(68.1)	(70.7)	(70.3)	(106.6)
Sale of stock, exercise of stock options, restricted stock awards and other	0.1	0.1	2.3	36.0
Balance at end of period	(68.0)	(70.6)	(68.0)	(70.6)
Class B common stock				
Balance at beginning of period	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)
Exercise of stock options, restricted stock awards and other	—	—	—	—
Balance at end of period	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)
Paid-in Capital				
Balance at beginning of period	28.0	26.8	28.0	36.9
Sale of stock, exercise of stock options, restricted stock awards and other	1.3	0.7	1.3	(9.4)
Balance at end of period	29.3	27.5	29.3	27.5
Earnings Invested in the Business				
Balance at beginning of period	617.5	573.4	597.6	571.5
Net earnings	19.7	9.6	39.6	11.5
Dividends	(1.9)	—	(1.9)	—
Balance at end of period	635.3	583.0	635.3	583.0
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income				
Balance at beginning of period	40.3	17.7	29.0	25.1
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	(18.8)	11.6	(7.0)	2.5
Unrealized (losses) gains on investments, net of tax	(0.6)	(0.4)	(1.1)	1.3
Balance at end of period	20.9	28.9	20.9	28.9
Stockholders' Equity at end of period	<u><u>\$ 657.0</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 608.3</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 657.0</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 608.3</u></u>
Comprehensive Income				
Net earnings	\$ 19.7	\$ 9.6	\$ 39.6	\$ 11.5
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	(17.3)	11.6	(5.5)	2.5
Unrealized (losses) gains on investments, net of tax	(0.6)	(0.4)	(1.1)	1.3
Reclassification adjustments included in net earnings	(1.5)	—	(1.5)	—
Comprehensive Income	<u><u>\$ 0.3</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 20.8</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 31.5</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 15.3</u></u>

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

KELLY SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)
(In millions of dollars)

	39 Weeks Ended	
	Oct. 2, 2011	Oct. 3, 2010
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net earnings	\$ 39.6	\$ 11.5
Noncash adjustments:		
Impairment of assets	—	1.5
Depreciation and amortization	23.9	26.5
Provision for bad debts	3.5	1.0
Stock-based compensation	3.5	2.2
Other, net	(1.5)	1.0
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(63.4)	(43.6)
Net cash from operating activities	5.6	0.1
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	(10.0)	(5.9)
Settlement of forward exchange contracts	0.7	—
Other investing activities	0.3	0.5
Net cash from investing activities	(9.0)	(5.4)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net change in short-term borrowings	61.9	(12.8)
Repayment of debt	(62.9)	(7.3)
Dividend payments	(1.9)	—
Sale of stock and other financing activities	(1.0)	24.3
Net cash from financing activities	(3.9)	4.2
Effect of exchange rates on cash and equivalents	0.3	(0.6)
Net change in cash and equivalents	(7.0)	(1.7)
Cash and equivalents at beginning of period	80.5	88.9
Cash and equivalents at end of period	\$ 73.5	\$ 87.2

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

KELLY SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)**1. Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of Kelly Services, Inc. (the "Company," "Kelly," "we" or "us") have been prepared in accordance with Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X and do not include all the information and notes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. All adjustments, including normal recurring adjustments, have been made which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair statement of the results of the interim periods. The results of operations for such interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results of operations for a full year. The unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the fiscal year ended January 2, 2011, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 17, 2011 (the 2010 consolidated financial statements).

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

2. Fair Value Measurements

Trade accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, accrued payroll and related taxes and short-term borrowings approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturities of these assets and liabilities.

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following tables present assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of October 2, 2011 and January 2, 2011 on the consolidated balance sheet by fair value hierarchy level, as described below.

Description	Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis			
	As of October 2, 2011			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	(In millions of dollars)			
Money market funds	\$ 1.5	\$ 1.5	\$ —	\$ —
Available-for-sale investment	28.0	28.0	—	—
Total assets at fair value	\$ 29.5	\$ 29.5	\$ —	\$ —

Description	Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis			
	As of January 2, 2011			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	(In millions of dollars)			
Money market funds	\$ 4.1	\$ 4.1	\$ —	\$ —
Available-for-sale investment	27.8	27.8	—	—
Forward exchange contracts	0.7	—	0.7	—
Total assets at fair value	\$ 32.6	\$ 31.9	\$ 0.7	\$ —

KELLY SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(UNAUDITED)

2. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis (continued)

Level 1 measurements consist of unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 measurements include quoted prices in markets that are not active or model inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Level 3 measurements include significant unobservable inputs.

Money market funds as of October 2, 2011 represent investments in money market accounts, all of which is restricted cash that is included in prepaid expenses and other current assets on the consolidated balance sheet. Money market funds as of January 2, 2011 represent investments in money market accounts, of which \$2.9 million is included in cash and equivalents and \$1.2 million of restricted cash is included in prepaid expenses and other current assets on the consolidated balance sheet. The valuations were based on quoted market prices of those accounts as of the respective period end.

Available-for-sale investment represents the Company's investment in Temp Holdings Co., Ltd. ("Temp Holdings"), a leading integrated human resources company in Japan, and is included in other assets on the consolidated balance sheet. The valuation is based on the quoted market price of Temp Holdings stock on the Tokyo Stock Exchange as of the period end. The unrealized loss of \$0.6 million for the 13 weeks ended October 2, 2011 and unrealized loss of \$0.4 million for the 13 weeks ended October 3, 2010 was recorded in other comprehensive income, a component of stockholders' equity. The unrealized loss of \$1.1 million for the 39 weeks ended October 2, 2011 and unrealized gain of \$1.3 million for the 39 weeks ended October 3, 2010 was recorded in other comprehensive income.

During the second quarter of 2010, the Company entered into two forward foreign currency exchange contracts to offset the variability in exchange rates on its yen-denominated debt. One contract matured on May 13, 2011 and the other contract matured November 2010. During the first quarter of 2011, the yen-denominated debt was paid in full. As a result, the Company entered into an additional forward foreign currency exchange contract during the first quarter of 2011 to offset the remaining open contract that was purchased during 2010.

Prior to maturity, these contracts, which were included in prepaid expenses and other current assets on the consolidated balance sheet, were valued using market exchange rates and were not designated as hedging instruments. Accordingly, gains and losses resulting from recording the foreign exchange contracts at fair value were reported in other expense, net on the consolidated statement of earnings, and amounted to a minor loss for the 39 weeks ended October 2, 2011 and gains of \$0.7 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, for the 13 and 39 weeks ended October 3, 2010.

The two aforementioned forward currency exchange contracts, one to buy Japanese yen with a U.S. dollar equivalent of \$6.1 million and one to sell Japanese yen with a U.S. dollar equivalent of \$6.8 million, matured on May 13, 2011. At October 2, 2011, the Company had no open forward foreign currency exchange contracts. At January 2, 2011, the Company had one open forward foreign currency exchange contract with an expiration date of less than one year to buy foreign currencies with a U.S. dollar equivalent of \$6.1 million. The Company does not use financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

KELLY SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(UNAUDITED)**3. Restructuring**

Restructuring costs incurred in the third quarter and first nine months of 2010 totaled \$2.8 million and \$7.2 million, respectively, and primarily related to severance and lease termination costs for branches in the EMEA Commercial and APAC Commercial segments that were in the process of closure at the end of 2009, and severance costs related to the corporate headquarters. Restructuring costs incurred in the third quarter and first nine months of 2011 amounted to a credit of \$0.6 million and expense of \$2.8 million, respectively, and primarily relate to revisions of the estimated lease termination costs for EMEA Commercial branches that closed in prior years. These costs were reported as a component of SG&A expenses. Total costs incurred since July 2008 for our restructuring efforts amounted to \$46.4 million.

A summary of the balance sheet accrual related to the global restructuring costs follows (in millions of dollars):

Balance at beginning of year	\$ 4.7
Amounts charged (credited) to operations	4.0
Reductions for cash payments	<u>(1.1)</u>
Balance at April 3, 2011	7.6
Amounts charged (credited) to operations	(0.6)
Reductions for cash payments	<u>(0.4)</u>
Balance at July 3, 2011	6.6
Amounts charged (credited) to operations	(0.6)
Reductions for cash payments	<u>(0.6)</u>
Balance at October 2, 2011	<u>\$ 5.4</u>

The remaining balance of \$5.4 million as of October 2, 2011 represents primarily future lease payments and is expected to be paid by 2018. On a quarterly basis, the Company reassesses the accrual associated with restructuring costs and adjusts it as necessary.

4. Debt

On March 31, 2011, the Company entered into an agreement with its lenders to amend and restate its existing \$90 million, three-year revolving credit facility (the "Facility"). The amendment increased the capacity of the Facility to \$150 million, and extended the term of the Facility to March 31, 2016 from September 28, 2012. The Facility allows for borrowings in various currencies and is used to fund working capital, acquisitions, and general corporate needs.

The interest rate applicable to borrowings under the Facility at October 2, 2011 was 200 basis points over the London InterBank Offering Rate ("LIBOR") in addition to a facility fee of 25 basis points. LIBOR rates vary by currency. The Company may also borrow using rates based on the Prime Rate; these loans have shorter notice periods and interest periods. At October 2, 2011, the prime-rate based loans were available to the Company at the Prime Rate plus 100 basis points and a facility fee of 25 basis points.

KELLY SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(UNAUDITED)

4. Debt (continued)

At October 2, 2011, borrowings under the Facility were \$5.0 million, with an interest rate of 2.48%, and the Facility had a remaining capacity of \$145.0 million. In connection with the refinancing, certain of the Facility's financial covenants and restrictions were amended and are described below, all of which were met at October 2, 2011:

- The Company must not allow its ratio of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and certain cash and non-cash charges that are non-recurring in nature ("EBITDA") to interest expense ("Interest Coverage Ratio") for the last twelve months to be below 4.0 to 1.0 as of the end of any fiscal quarter ending prior to the fourth quarter of 2012 and 5.0 to 1.0 thereafter.
- The Company must keep its ratio of total indebtedness to the sum of net worth and total indebtedness below 0.4 to 1.0 at all times.
- Dividends, stock buybacks and similar transactions are limited based on the Interest Coverage Ratio. When the Interest Coverage Ratio is below 5.0 to 1.0, the Company may pay up to \$20 million in aggregate over the four most recent fiscal quarters including the current quarter; when the Interest Coverage Ratio is above 5.0 to 1.0, the Company may pay up to \$30 million in aggregate over the four most recent fiscal quarters including the current quarter.
- The Company must adhere to other operating restrictions relating to the conduct of business, such as certain limitations on asset sales and the type and scope of investments.

At January 2, 2011, there were no borrowings under the Facility.

On March 31, 2011, the Company and Kelly Receivables Funding, LLC, a wholly owned bankruptcy remote special purpose subsidiary of the Company (the "Receivables Entity"), amended the Receivables Purchase Agreement related to a \$100 million securitization facility ("the Securitization Facility"). The amendment (i) extended the term of the Securitization Facility from 364 days to three years, (ii) reduced borrowing costs, and (iii) increased the capacity from \$100 to \$150 million. The Receivables Purchase Agreement will terminate December 4, 2014, unless terminated earlier pursuant to its terms.

Under the Securitization Facility, the Company will sell certain trade receivables and related rights ("Receivables"), on a revolving basis, to the Receivables Entity. The Receivables Entity may from time to time sell an undivided variable percentage ownership interest in the Receivables. The Securitization Facility also allows for the issuance of standby letters of credit ("SBLC"). The Securitization Facility contains a cross-default clause that could result in termination if defaults occur under our other loan agreements. The Securitization Facility also contains certain restrictions based on the performance of the Receivables.

As of October 2, 2011, the Securitization Facility carried \$74.0 million of short-term borrowings at a rate of 1.39% and \$51.4 million of SBLCs related to workers' compensation. The interest rate applicable to borrowings under the Securitization Facility at October 2, 2011 was 55 basis points over the cost of commercial paper, in addition to a facility fee of 60 basis points. The cost of borrowings on this facility varies on a daily basis, along with the cost of commercial paper. The remaining capacity on the Facility was \$24.6 million at October 2, 2011. As of January 2, 2011, the Securitization Facility carried \$17.0 million of short-term borrowings at a rate of 1.57%, SBLCs related to workers' compensation of \$45.7 million and remaining capacity of \$37.3 million.

KELLY SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(UNAUDITED)

4. Debt (continued)

The Receivables Entity's sole business consists of the purchase or acceptance through capital contributions of trade accounts receivable and related rights from the Company. As described above, the Receivables Entity may retransfer these receivables or grant a security interest in those receivables under the terms and conditions of the Receivables Purchase Agreement. The Receivables Entity is a separate legal entity with its own creditors who would be entitled, if it were ever liquidated, to be satisfied out of its assets prior to any assets or value in the Receivables Entity becoming available to its equity holders. The assets of the Receivables Entity are not available to pay creditors of the Company or any of its other subsidiaries. The assets and liabilities of the Receivables Entity are included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

The Company had a three-year syndicated term loan facility comprised of 9 million euros and 5 million U.K. pounds, and a five-year, 6 billion yen-denominated loan agreement, all of which had a maturity date of October 3, 2011. On March 22, 2011, the Company fully paid the euro and U.K. pound loans. On March 24, 2011, the Company also fully paid the yen loan using borrowings from the revolving credit facility and Securitization Facility.

As of January 2, 2011, the U.S. dollar amount outstanding on the euro and U.K. pound facility, which fluctuated based on foreign exchange rates, totaled approximately \$19.7 million, all of which was classified as current, and carried an interest rate which ranged from 4.24% to 4.44%. As of January 2, 2011, the U.S. dollar amount outstanding on the yen-denominated loan balance, which also fluctuated based on foreign exchange rates, totaled approximately \$42.0 million, all of which was classified as current, and carried an interest rate of 3.7%.

KELLY SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(UNAUDITED)**5. Earnings Per Share**

The reconciliation of basic and diluted earnings per share on common stock for the 13 and 39 weeks ended October 2, 2011 and October 3, 2010 follows (in millions of dollars except per share data):

	13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 19.7	\$ 9.6	\$ 40.8	\$ 11.5
Less: Earnings allocated to participating securities	(0.5)	(0.1)	(0.9)	(0.1)
Earnings from continuing operations available to common shareholders	\$ 19.2	\$ 9.5	\$ 39.9	\$ 11.4
Loss from discontinued operations	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (1.2)	\$ —
Less: Loss allocated to participating securities	—	—	—	—
Loss from discontinued operations available to common shareholders	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (1.2)	\$ —
Net earnings	\$ 19.7	\$ 9.6	\$ 39.6	\$ 11.5
Less: Earnings allocated to participating securities	(0.5)	(0.1)	(0.9)	(0.1)
Net earnings available to common shareholders	\$ 19.2	\$ 9.5	\$ 38.7	\$ 11.4
Basic earnings (loss) per share on common stock:				
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.26	\$ 1.09	\$ 0.32
Loss from discontinued operations	—	—	(0.03)	—
Net earnings	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.26	\$ 1.05	\$ 0.32
Diluted earnings (loss) per share on common stock:				
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.26	\$ 1.09	\$ 0.32
Loss from discontinued operations	—	—	(0.03)	—
Net earnings	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.26	\$ 1.05	\$ 0.32
Average common shares outstanding (millions)				
Basic	36.8	36.7	36.8	35.9
Diluted	36.8	36.7	36.8	35.9

Stock options representing 0.6 million and 0.7 million shares, respectively, for the 13 weeks ended October 2, 2011 and October 3, 2010, and 0.6 million and 0.7 million shares, respectively, for the 39 weeks ended October 2, 2011 and October 3, 2010, were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share due to their anti-dilutive effect.

KELLY SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(UNAUDITED)**6. Stockholders' Equity**

On May 11, 2010, the Company sold 1,576,169 shares of Kelly's Class A common stock to Temp Holdings. The shares were sold in a private transaction at \$15.42 per share, which was the average of the closing prices of the Class A common stock for the five days from May 3, 2010 through May 7, 2010, and represented 4.8 percent of the outstanding Class A shares after the completion of the sale. As part of this transaction, Kelly added a representative of Temp Holdings to Kelly's board of directors.

During the third quarter of 2011, the Company made dividend payments totaling \$1.9 million.

7. Other Expense, Net

Included in other income (expense), net are the following:

	13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	(In millions of dollars)		(In millions of dollars)	
Interest income	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.8	\$ 0.6
Interest expense	(0.7)	(1.4)	(2.6)	(4.4)
Dividend income	—	—	0.2	0.2
Foreign exchange gains (losses)	1.5	(0.3)	1.6	(1.1)
Other	(0.1)	—	(0.1)	—
Other income (expense), net	<u>\$ 1.0</u>	<u>\$ (1.5)</u>	<u>\$ (0.1)</u>	<u>\$ (4.7)</u>

Included in foreign exchange gains for the 13 and 39 weeks ended October 2, 2011 is a \$1.5 million gain related to the release into earnings of accumulated currency translation adjustments upon the substantially complete liquidation of certain EMEA subsidiaries. The disposals of these operations were not reported in discontinued operations due to immateriality.

8. Contingencies

The Company is the subject of two pending class action lawsuits. The two lawsuits, Fuller v. Kelly Services, Inc. and Kelly Home Care Services, Inc., pending in the Superior Court of California, Los Angeles, and Sullivan v. Kelly Services, Inc., pending in the U.S. District Court Southern District of California, both involve claims for monetary damages by current and former temporary employees working in the State of California.

The Fuller matter involves claims relating to alleged misclassification of personal attendants as exempt and not entitled to overtime compensation under state law and alleged technical violations of a state law governing the content of employee pay stubs. The Sullivan matter relates to claims by temporary workers for compensation while interviewing for assignments. Tentative settlements have been reached in both matters and are awaiting final court approval. A \$1.2 million after-tax charge related to the Fuller matter was recognized in discontinued operations during the second quarter of 2011.

The Company is continuously engaged in litigation arising in the ordinary course of its business, typically matters alleging employment discrimination, alleging wage and hour violations or enforcing the restrictive covenants in the Company's employment agreements. While there is no expectation that any of these matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows, litigation is always subject to inherent uncertainty and the Company is not able to reasonably predict if any matter will be resolved in a manner that is materially adverse to the Company.

KELLY SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(UNAUDITED)**9. Segment Disclosures**

The Company's segments are based on the organizational structure for which financial results are regularly evaluated by the Company's chief operating decision maker to determine resource allocation and assess performance. The Company's seven reporting segments are: (1) Americas Commercial, (2) Americas Professional and Technical ("Americas PT"), (3) Europe, Middle East and Africa Commercial ("EMEA Commercial"), (4) Europe, Middle East and Africa Professional and Technical ("EMEA PT"), (5) Asia Pacific Commercial ("APAC Commercial"), (6) Asia Pacific Professional and Technical ("APAC PT") and (7) Outsourcing and Consulting Group ("OCG").

The Commercial business segments within the Americas, EMEA and APAC regions represent traditional office services, contact-center staffing, marketing, electronic assembly, light industrial and substitute teachers. The PT segments encompass a wide range of highly skilled temporary employees, including scientists, financial professionals, attorneys, engineers, IT specialists and healthcare workers. OCG includes recruitment process outsourcing ("RPO"), contingent workforce outsourcing ("CWO"), business process outsourcing ("BPO"), payroll process outsourcing ("PPO"), executive placement and career transition/outplacement services. Corporate expenses that directly support the operating units have been allocated to the seven segments based on a work effort, volume or, in the absence of a readily available measurement process, proportionately based on revenue from services.

The following tables present information about the reported revenue from services and earnings from operations of the Company for the 13 and 39 weeks ended October 2, 2011 and October 3, 2010. Asset information by reportable segment is not presented, since the Company does not produce such information internally, nor does it use such data to manage its business.

	13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	(In millions of dollars)		(In millions of dollars)	
Revenue from Services:				
Americas Commercial	\$ 661.7	\$ 633.3	\$ 1,985.3	\$ 1,781.9
Americas PT	250.8	233.6	739.1	659.1
Total Americas Commercial and PT	912.5	866.9	2,724.4	2,441.0
EMEA Commercial	261.0	228.1	751.3	642.8
EMEA PT	46.8	37.1	134.0	106.4
Total EMEA Commercial and PT	307.8	265.2	885.3	749.2
APAC Commercial	101.8	88.7	303.8	253.3
APAC PT	14.1	8.2	39.1	23.6
Total APAC Commercial and PT	115.9	96.9	342.9	276.9
OCG	80.7	64.1	222.9	179.8
Less: Intersegment revenue	(7.1)	(8.4)	(20.8)	(22.4)
Consolidated Total	\$ 1,409.8	\$ 1,284.7	\$ 4,154.7	\$ 3,624.5

KELLY SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(UNAUDITED)

9. Segment Disclosures (continued)

	13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	(In millions of dollars)		(In millions of dollars)	
Earnings (Loss) from Operations:				
Americas Commercial	\$ 21.8	\$ 23.2	\$ 61.5	\$ 54.3
Americas PT	12.0	13.7	30.9	34.0
Total Americas Commercial and PT	33.8	36.9	92.4	88.3
EMEA Commercial	6.5	4.8	11.1	3.9
EMEA PT	1.6	0.3	3.3	0.7
Total EMEA Commercial and PT	8.1	5.1	14.4	4.6
APAC Commercial	0.6	1.0	1.2	3.0
APAC PT	(0.1)	(0.5)	(1.6)	(1.9)
Total APAC Commercial and PT	0.5	0.5	(0.4)	1.1
OCG	(0.2)	(4.2)	(3.4)	(14.5)
Corporate	(20.1)	(24.0)	(58.0)	(58.3)
Consolidated Total	\$ 22.1	\$ 14.3	\$ 45.0	\$ 21.2

10. New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") amended its guidance on the presentation of comprehensive income to increase the prominence of items reported in other comprehensive income. The new guidance requires that all components of comprehensive income in stockholders' equity be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. The new guidance will be effective for us at the beginning of fiscal 2012 and its adoption will not have any impact on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In September 2011, the FASB issued updated guidance on the periodic testing of goodwill for impairment. This guidance will allow companies to assess qualitative factors to determine if it is more-likely-than-not that goodwill might be impaired and whether it is necessary to perform the two-step goodwill impairment test required under current accounting standards. The guidance will be effective for us at the beginning of fiscal 2012, with early adoption permitted. We do not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Executive Overview

During the third quarter of 2011, the global economic recovery continued at an uneven pace. Quarterly growth was negatively impacted by concerns over U.S. and European deficits. Within the U.S. temporary staffing industry, more than 550,000 jobs have been added since the September 2009 trough, with year-over-year growth stabilizing at approximately 8% at the end of the third quarter.

For Kelly, third quarter results reflect continued year-over-year improvement as well:

- We achieved year-over-year revenue growth in all business segments.
- Our gross profit rate improved slightly to 16.2% for the quarter compared to the third quarter of 2010.
- Diluted earnings per share totaled \$0.52, compared to \$0.26 last year.

During the last several years, we refined our strategy by adjusting our geographic footprint, streamlining our operations and reducing expenses through restructuring actions. Going forward, we are committed to executing a business strategy that is focused on growing higher-margin PT staffing, expanding fee-based business and delivering customer-focused workforce solutions.

**Results of Operations
Third Quarter**

	Total Company - Third Quarter			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 1,409.8	\$ 1,284.7	9.7%	6.1%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	36.7	24.9	48.5	40.1
Gross profit	228.6	207.2	10.4	6.3
SG&A expenses excluding restructuring charges	207.1	190.1	9.0	
Restructuring charges	(0.6)	2.8	(120.7)	
Total SG&A expenses	206.5	192.9	7.1	3.0
Earnings from operations	22.1	14.3	54.7	
Gross profit rate	16.2%	16.1%	0.1pts.	
Expense rates (excluding restructuring charges):				
% of revenue	14.7	14.8	(0.1)	
% of gross profit	90.6	91.7	(1.1)	
Operating margin	1.6	1.1	0.5	

The year-over-year constant currency change in revenue for the third quarter resulted from a 2% increase in hours worked, combined with a 2% increase in average bill rates on a constant currency basis and an increase in fee-based income. On a constant currency basis, revenue for the quarter increased in all business segments.

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Compared to the third quarter of 2010, the gross profit rate improved slightly. The growth in fee-based income offset a decline in the temporary gross profit rate due to the unfavorable impact related to the expiration of the HIRE Act payroll tax benefit in the U.S. The Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment ("HIRE") Act allowed employers to receive a payroll tax benefit for hiring and retaining previously unemployed individuals. HIRE Act benefits are also available in 2011, but as an income tax credit.

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses increased year over year due primarily to hiring of full-time employees in prior periods. Restructuring costs in the third quarter of 2011 primarily relate to revisions of the estimated lease termination costs for EMEA Commercial branches that closed in prior years.

Income tax expense for the third quarter of 2011 was \$3.4 million (14.6%), compared to \$3.2 million (25.1%) for the third quarter of 2010. The low tax rate in 2011 is a direct result of significant employment-related tax credits, with the 2011 expense including the favorable impact of the HIRE Act retention credit and continued strong work opportunity credits. Together, these income tax credits totaled \$8.6 million in 2011, compared to \$2.8 million in 2010. In comparison to 2010, the 2011 tax expense also benefitted from a change in the geographic mix of earnings, offset by non-tax deductible losses from the cash surrender value of life insurance policies used to fund the Company's deferred compensation plan. The HIRE Act retention credit is available only in 2011, and is in addition to the HIRE Act payroll tax benefits recognized in cost of services in 2010.

Diluted earnings from continuing operations per share for the third quarter of 2011 were \$0.52, as compared to \$0.26 for the third quarter of 2010.

Americas Commercial

	Third Quarter			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 661.7	\$ 633.3	4.5%	3.8%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	3.2	2.2	47.7	46.3
Gross profit	93.9	92.3	1.7	1.1
SG&A expenses	72.1	69.1	4.3	3.7
Earnings from operations	21.8	23.2	(5.9)	
Gross profit rate	14.2%	14.6%	(0.4)pts.	
Expense rates:				
% of revenue	10.9	10.9	—	
% of gross profit	76.7	74.8	1.9	
Operating margin	3.3	3.7	(0.4)	

The change in Americas Commercial revenue from services reflected a 3% increase in average bill rates on a constant currency basis, combined with a 1% increase in hours worked. Americas Commercial represented 47% of total Company revenue in the third quarter of 2011 and 49% in the third quarter of 2010.

The decrease in the gross profit rate was primarily due to the unfavorable impact related to the expiration of the HIRE Act payroll tax benefit. SG&A expenses increased due primarily to salary increases.

Americas PT

	Third Quarter			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 250.8	\$ 233.6	7.4%	7.3%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	3.2	2.2	48.1	47.7
Gross profit	38.0	37.2	2.0	1.9
SG&A expenses	26.0	23.5	10.6	10.4
Earnings from operations	12.0	13.7	(12.6)	
Gross profit rate	15.1%	15.9%	(0.8)pts.	
Expense rates:				
% of revenue	10.4	10.1	0.3	
% of gross profit	68.4	63.1	5.3	
Operating margin	4.8	5.9	(1.1)	

The change in Americas PT revenue from services reflected a 4% increase in average bill rates on a constant currency basis, combined with a 3% increase in hours worked. Americas PT revenue represented 18% of total Company revenue in the third quarter of both 2011 and 2010.

The Americas PT gross profit rate decreased due to the unfavorable impact related to the expiration of the HIRE Act payroll tax benefit, as well as changes in service and customer mix, partially offset by increased fee-based income. Fee-based income has a significant impact on gross profit rates. There are very low direct costs of services associated with fee-based income. Therefore, increases or decreases in fee-based income can have a disproportionate impact on gross profit rates.

The increase in SG&A expenses was primarily due to hiring of recruiters, higher salaries and performance-based compensation in support of our PT expansion efforts.

EMEA Commercial

	Third Quarter			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 261.0	\$ 228.1	14.4%	2.8%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	6.5	4.5	45.2	33.1
Gross profit	42.2	37.2	13.4	1.7
SG&A expenses excluding restructuring charges	36.3	32.4	11.8	
Restructuring charges	(0.6)	—	NM	
Total SG&A expenses	35.7	32.4	10.0	(1.7)
Earnings from operations	6.5	4.8	36.7	
Gross profit rate	16.2%	16.3%	(0.1)pts.	
Expense rates (excluding restructuring charges):				
% of revenue	13.9	14.2	(0.3)	
% of gross profit	86.0	87.2	(1.2)	
Operating margin	2.5	2.1	0.4	

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The change in revenue from services in EMEA Commercial resulted from a 6% increase in average hourly bill rates on a constant currency basis, partially offset by a 3% decrease in hours worked. EMEA Commercial revenue represented 19% of total Company revenue in the third quarter of 2011 and 18% in the third quarter of 2010.

On a constant currency basis, SG&A expenses were relatively flat in comparison to the prior year. Investments in specific countries with high-growth potential were offset by the savings impact from the restructuring programs completed in prior years.

EMEA PT

	Third Quarter			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 46.8	\$ 37.1	26.3%	14.1%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	5.3	3.6	45.9	34.5
Gross profit	12.7	9.6	31.6	19.9
SG&A expenses	11.1	9.3	20.2	8.3
Earnings from operations	1.6	0.3	312.1	
Gross profit rate	27.1%	26.0%	1.1pts.	
Expense rates:				
% of revenue	23.8	25.0	(1.2)	
% of gross profit	87.7	96.1	(8.4)	
Operating margin	3.3	1.0	2.3	

The change in revenue from services in EMEA PT resulted from a 7% increase in hours worked, combined with a 5% increase in average hourly bill rates on a constant currency basis. EMEA PT revenue represented 3% of total Company revenue in the third quarter of both 2011 and 2010.

The increase in the gross profit rate is due to increases in fee-based income. SG&A expenses increased, due to hiring of full-time employees and investments in additional branches in Russia, Germany and the U.K.

APAC Commercial

	Third Quarter			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 101.8	\$ 88.7	14.7%	4.5%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	3.8	3.0	28.3	17.2
Gross profit	14.7	12.4	18.8	7.6
SG&A expenses	14.1	11.4	23.5	11.4
Earnings from operations	0.6	1.0	(35.5)	
Gross profit rate	14.5%	14.0%	0.5pts.	
Expense rates:				
% of revenue	13.8	12.8	1.0	
% of gross profit	95.7	92.0	3.7	
Operating margin	0.6	1.1	(0.5)	

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The change in revenue from services in APAC Commercial resulted from an increase in temporary sales growth in New Zealand, Singapore and Malaysia. APAC Commercial revenue represented 7% of total Company revenue in the third quarter of both 2011 and 2010.

The change in the APAC Commercial gross profit rate was due primarily to higher growth in fee based income and the impact of exiting low-margin business in Australia. SG&A expenses increased, primarily due to higher salaries and related costs from the investment in additional full-time employees across the region.

APAC PT

	Third Quarter			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 14.1	\$ 8.2	72.3%	58.8%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	4.2	2.9	47.1	36.2
Gross profit	5.6	3.8	52.2	40.0
SG&A expenses	5.7	4.3	31.5	20.3
Earnings from operations	(0.1)	(0.5)	89.3	
Gross profit rate	39.9%	45.2%	(5.3)pts.	
Expense rates:				
% of revenue	40.4	53.0	(12.6)	
% of gross profit	101.2	117.1	(15.9)	
Operating margin	(0.5)	(7.7)	7.2	

The change in revenue from services in APAC PT primarily resulted from an increase in temporary sales growth in Australia and India. APAC PT revenue represented 1% of total Company revenue in the third quarter of both 2011 and 2010.

The change in the APAC PT gross profit rate was due to the decline in fee-based income as a percentage of total revenue from services. SG&A expenses increased, due to hiring of permanent placement recruiters and increases in incentive-based compensation.

OCG

	Third Quarter			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 80.7	\$ 64.1	25.9%	24.4%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	10.5	6.6	60.3	53.6
Gross profit	22.2	15.4	44.1	40.4
SG&A expenses	22.4	19.6	14.5	10.8
Earnings from operations	(0.2)	(4.2)	94.0	
Gross profit rate	27.5%	24.0%	3.5pts.	
Expense rates:				
% of revenue	27.8	30.5	(2.7)	
% of gross profit	101.1	127.2	(26.1)	
Operating margin	(0.3)	(6.5)	6.2	

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Revenue from services in the OCG segment for the third quarter of 2011 increased in the Americas and EMEA regions, due primarily to growth in our BPO, RPO and CWO practices. OCG revenue represented 6% of total Company revenue in the third quarter of 2011 and 5% in the third quarter of 2010.

The OCG gross profit rate increased primarily due to increased volume mix in the RPO and CWO practice areas. The increase in SG&A expenses is primarily the result of support costs associated with new customer programs, as well as higher volumes on existing programs, in our RPO and CWO practice areas.

Results of Operations
September Year to Date

	Total Company - September Year to Date			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 4,154.7	\$ 3,624.5	14.6%	11.2%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	104.2	73.0	43.1	34.9
Gross profit	666.9	578.1	15.4	11.4
SG&A expenses excluding restructuring charges	619.1	548.2	12.9	
Restructuring charges	2.8	7.2	(61.7)	
Total SG&A expenses	621.9	555.4	12.0	8.0
Asset impairments	—	1.5	(100.0)	
Earnings from operations	45.0	21.2	112.3	
Gross profit rate	16.1%	16.0%	0.1pts.	
Expense rates (excluding restructuring charges):				
% of revenue	14.9	15.1	(0.2)	
% of gross profit	92.8	94.8	(2.0)	
Operating margin	1.1	0.6	0.5	

The year-over-year change in revenue for the first nine months of 2011 resulted primarily from a 9% increase in hours worked. On a constant currency basis, revenue for the first nine months increased in all business segments.

Compared to the first nine months of 2010, the gross profit rate improved slightly. The growth in fee-based income offset a decline in the temporary gross profit rate due to the unfavorable impact related to the expiration of the HIRE Act payroll tax benefit in the U.S. The HIRE Act allowed employers to receive a payroll tax benefit for hiring and retaining previously unemployed individuals. HIRE Act benefits are also available in 2011, but as an income tax credit.

SG&A expenses increased year over year due primarily to hiring of full-time employees and increased incentive compensation. Restructuring costs incurred in the first nine months of 2011 primarily relate to revisions of the estimated lease termination costs for EMEA Commercial branches that closed in prior years. Restructuring costs incurred in the first nine months of 2010 primarily related to severance and lease termination costs for branches in the EMEA Commercial and APAC Commercial segments that were in the process of closure at the end of 2009, and severance costs related to the corporate headquarters.

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Income tax expense for the first nine months of 2011 was \$4.1 million (9.1%), compared to \$5.0 million (30.6%) for the first nine months of 2010. The low tax rate in 2011 is a direct result of significant employment-related tax credits, with the 2011 expense including the favorable impact of the HIRE Act retention credit and continued strong work opportunity credits. Together, these income tax credits totaled \$20.6 million in 2011, compared to \$6.9 million in 2010. In comparison to 2010, the 2011 tax expense also benefitted from a change in the geographic mix of earnings, offset by non-tax deductible losses from the cash surrender value of life insurance policies used to fund the Company's deferred compensation plan. The HIRE Act retention credit is available only in 2011, and is in addition to the HIRE Act payroll tax benefits recognized in cost of services in 2010.

Included in earnings from continuing operations were restructuring charges of \$2.8 million, net of tax, for the first nine months of 2011 and \$5.4 million, net of tax, for the first nine months of 2010.

Diluted earnings from continuing operations per share for the first nine months of 2011 were \$1.09, as compared to \$0.32 for the first nine months of 2010.

Discontinued operations in the first nine months of 2011 represents costs of litigation, net of tax, retained from the 2007 sale of the Kelly Home Care business unit.

Americas Commercial

	September Year to Date			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 1,985.3	\$ 1,781.9	11.4%	10.7%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	8.8	6.5	36.9	35.3
Gross profit	280.1	256.5	9.2	8.5
SG&A expenses excluding restructuring charges	218.6	201.9	8.3	
Restructuring charges	—	0.3	(100.0)	
Total SG&A expenses	218.6	202.2	8.1	7.5
Earnings from operations	61.5	54.3	13.3	
Gross profit rate	14.1%	14.4%	(0.3)pts.	
Expense rates (excluding restructuring charges):				
% of revenue	11.0	11.3	(0.3)	
% of gross profit	78.0	78.7	(0.7)	
Operating margin	3.1	3.1	—	

The change in Americas Commercial revenue from services reflected a 10% increase in hours. Americas Commercial represented 48% of total Company revenue in the first nine months of 2011 and 49% in the first nine months of 2010.

The decrease in the gross profit rate was due primarily to the unfavorable impact related to the expiration of the HIRE Act payroll tax benefit. SG&A expenses increased due to higher salaries related to merit increases and incentive compensation.

Americas PT

	September Year to Date			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 739.1	\$ 659.1	12.1%	12.0%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	9.7	6.7	45.2	44.9
Gross profit	110.1	103.2	6.6	6.5
Total SG&A expenses	79.2	69.2	14.4	14.2
Earnings from operations	30.9	34.0	(9.1)	
Gross profit rate	14.9%	15.7%	(0.8)pts.	
Expense rates:				
% of revenue	10.7	10.5	0.2	
% of gross profit	71.9	67.0	4.9	
Operating margin	4.2	5.2	(1.0)	

The change in Americas PT revenue from services reflected an increase in hours worked of 9%, combined with a 3% increase in average bill rates on a constant currency basis. Americas PT revenue represented 18% of total Company revenue in the first nine months of both 2011 and 2010.

The Americas PT gross profit rate decreased primarily due to mix, as we continue to experience stronger growth in the lower-margin PT businesses, along with the unfavorable impact related to the expiration of the HIRE Act payroll tax benefit. The increase in SG&A expenses was primarily due to hiring of recruiters, higher salaries and performance-based compensation in support of our PT expansion efforts.

EMEA Commercial

	September Year to Date			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 751.3	\$ 642.8	16.9%	6.5%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	18.9	14.4	30.9	20.0
Gross profit	121.8	103.8	17.3	6.6
SG&A expenses excluding restructuring charges	107.9	95.7	12.7	
Restructuring charges	2.8	2.7	4.0	
Total SG&A expenses	110.7	98.4	12.5	2.2
Asset Impairments	—	1.5	(100.0)	
Earnings from operations	11.1	3.9	187.7	
Gross profit rate	16.2%	16.1%	0.1pts.	
Expense rates (excluding restructuring charges):				
% of revenue	14.4	14.9	(0.5)	
% of gross profit	88.6	92.2	(3.6)	
Operating margin	1.5	0.6	0.9	

The change in revenue from services in EMEA Commercial resulted from a 6% increase in average hourly bill rates on a constant currency basis. EMEA Commercial revenue represented 18% of total Company revenue in the first nine months of both 2011 and 2010.

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The increase in SG&A expenses was due to increased hiring of full-time employees in specific countries with identified high-growth potential.

EMEA PT

	September Year to Date			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 134.0	\$ 106.4	26.0%	15.4%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	15.0	11.2	32.8	22.5
Gross profit	36.1	28.3	26.9	16.7
SG&A expenses	32.8	27.6	19.0	8.5
Earnings from operations	3.3	0.7	289.0	
Gross profit rate	26.9%	26.7%	0.2pts.	
Expense rates:				
% of revenue	24.5	25.9	(1.4)	
% of gross profit	91.0	97.1	(6.1)	
Operating margin	2.4	0.8	1.6	

The change in revenue from services in EMEA PT resulted from an 11% increase in hours worked, combined with a 3% increase in average hourly bill rates on a constant currency basis. EMEA PT revenue represented 3% of total Company revenue in the first nine months of both 2011 and 2010.

The change in the EMEA PT gross profit rate was primarily due to an increase in fee-based income. SG&A expenses increased due to hiring of full-time employees and investments in additional branches in Russia, Germany and the U.K.

APAC Commercial

	September Year to Date			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 303.8	\$ 253.3	19.9%	8.9%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	11.0	8.5	30.4	18.4
Gross profit	42.5	35.5	19.9	8.1
SG&A expenses excluding restructuring charges	41.3	32.0	29.1	
Restructuring charges	—	0.5	(100.0)	
Total SG&A expenses	41.3	32.5	26.9	14.2
Earnings from operations	1.2	3.0	(58.8)	
Gross profit rate	14.0%	14.0%	—pts.	
Expense rates (excluding restructuring charges):				
% of revenue	13.6	12.6	1.0	
% of gross profit	97.2	90.3	6.9	
Operating margin	0.4	1.2	(0.8)	

The change in revenue from services in APAC Commercial resulted from an increase in temporary sales growth in Australia, Singapore and Malaysia. APAC Commercial revenue represented 7% of total Company revenue in the first nine months of both 2011 and 2010.

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SG&A expenses increased, primarily due to higher salaries and related costs from the investment in additional full-time employees across the region.

APAC PT

	September Year to Date			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 39.1	\$ 23.6	65.5%	52.1%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	12.2	7.6	63.1	50.3
Gross profit	16.2	10.1	61.5	48.1
SG&A expenses	17.8	12.0	48.9	36.1
Earnings from operations	(1.6)	(1.9)	15.7	
Gross profit rate	41.5%	42.5%	(1.0)pts.	
Expense rates:				
% of revenue	45.7	50.8	(5.1)	
% of gross profit	110.2	119.6	(9.4)	
Operating margin	(4.2)	(8.3)	4.1	

The change in revenue from services in APAC PT resulted primarily from an increase in temporary sales growth in Australia and India. APAC PT revenue represented 1% of total Company revenue in the first nine months of both 2011 and 2010.

The change in the APAC PT gross profit rate was due primarily to changes in temporary business mix with higher volume in the IT divisions. SG&A expenses increased, due to hiring of permanent placement recruiters and increases in incentive-based compensation.

OCG

	September Year to Date			Constant Currency Change
	2011	2010	Change	
	(In millions of dollars)			
Revenue from services	\$ 222.9	\$ 179.8	24.0%	22.6%
Fee-based income (included in revenue)	28.7	18.3	57.0	50.8
Gross profit	62.1	42.4	46.7	43.3
SG&A expenses excluding restructuring charges	65.5	56.8	15.4	
Restructuring charges	—	0.1	(100.0)	
Total SG&A expenses	65.5	56.9	15.3	11.7
Earnings from operations	(3.4)	(14.5)	76.1	
Gross profit rate	27.8%	23.5%	4.3pts.	
Expense rates (excluding restructuring charges):				
% of revenue	29.4	31.6	(2.2)	
% of gross profit	105.6	134.3	(28.7)	
Operating margin	(1.6)	(8.1)	6.5	

Revenue from services in the OCG segment for the first nine months of 2011 increased in the Americas, EMEA and APAC regions, due primarily to growth in our BPO, RPO and CWO practices. OCG revenue represented 5% of total Company revenue in the first nine months of both 2011 and 2010.

The OCG gross profit rate increased primarily due to increased volume mix in the RPO and CWO practice areas, as well as increases in gross profit rates in the RPO practice area. The increase in SG&A expenses is primarily the result of support costs associated with new customer programs, as well as higher volumes on existing programs, in our RPO and CWO practice areas.

Financial Condition

Historically, we have financed our operations through cash generated by operating activities and access to credit markets. Our working capital requirements are primarily generated from temporary employee payroll and customer accounts receivable. Since receipts from customers generally lag payroll to temporary employees, working capital requirements increase substantially in periods of growth. As highlighted in the consolidated statements of cash flows, our liquidity and available capital resources are impacted by four key components: cash and equivalents, operating activities, investing activities and financing activities.

Cash and Equivalents

Cash and equivalents totaled \$74 million at the end of the third quarter of 2011 and \$80 million at year-end 2010. As further described below, we generated \$6 million in cash from operating activities, used \$9 million of cash for investing activities and used \$4 million of cash for financing activities.

Operating Activities

In the first nine months of 2011, we generated \$6 million in cash from operating activities, as compared to generating less than \$1 million in the first nine months of 2010. The increase in cash generated was due to improved operating results in 2011, somewhat offset by high working capital requirements related to the growth in operations.

Trade accounts receivable totaled \$940 million at the end of the third quarter of 2011. Global days sales outstanding were 52 days at the end of the third quarter of both 2011 and 2010.

Our working capital position was \$413 million at the end of the third quarter of 2011, an increase of \$45 million from year-end 2010. The current ratio was 1.6 at the end of the third quarter of 2011 and at year-end 2010.

Investing Activities

In the first nine months of 2011, we used \$9 million of cash for investing activities, compared to \$5 million in the first nine months of 2010. Capital expenditures in both years relate primarily to the Company's information technology programs.

In the second quarter of 2011, the Company's remaining two Japanese yen-denominated forward foreign currency contracts matured. The settlement of the contracts resulted in net proceeds of \$0.7 million to the Company. As of October 2, 2011, the Company had no open forward foreign currency exchange contracts.

Financing Activities

In the first nine months of 2011, we used \$4 million of cash for financing activities, compared to generating \$4 million in the first nine months of 2010. Debt totaled \$79 million at the end of the third quarter of 2011 and at year-end 2010. Debt-to-total capital (total debt reported on the balance sheet divided by total debt plus stockholders' equity) is a common ratio to measure the relative capital structure and leverage of the Company. Our ratio of debt-to-total capital was 10.7% at the end of the third quarter of 2011 and 11.2% at year-end 2010.

To take advantage of improved conditions in the credit markets and obtain more favorable pricing and flexible terms and conditions, effective March 31, 2011, we refinanced our secured revolving credit facility and securitization facility. Our new revolver has total capacity of \$150 million and carries a term of five years, maturing March 31, 2016. The new securitization facility carries a three-year term and has a total capacity of \$150 million. Additionally, during March, we repaid term debt of \$63 million. In the second quarter of 2010, we paid \$7 million due on our yen-denominated facility.

During the third quarter of 2011, we made dividend payments of \$2 million.

Included in financing activities during the first nine months of 2010 was \$24 million related to the sale of 1,576,169 shares of Kelly's Class A common stock to Temp Holdings. The shares were sold in a private transaction at \$15.42 per share, which was the average of the closing prices of the Class A common stock for the five days from May 3, 2010 through May 7, 2010, and represented 4.8 percent of the outstanding Class A shares after the completion of the sale.

New Accounting Pronouncements

See New Accounting Pronouncements footnote in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a description of new accounting pronouncements.

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

There are no material changes in our obligations and commitments to make future payments from those included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 17, 2011. We have no material, unrecorded commitments, losses, contingencies or guarantees associated with any related parties or unconsolidated entities.

Liquidity

We expect to meet our ongoing short- and long-term cash requirements principally through cash generated from operations, available cash and equivalents, securitization and committed unused credit facilities. Additional funding sources could include public or private bonds, asset-based lending, additional bank facilities or other sources.

We utilize intercompany loans, dividends, capital contributions and redemptions, and a multi-national cash pool to effectively manage our cash on a global basis. At the present time, we do not have plans to repatriate the majority of our international excess cash balances. As our business recovers, we expect this international cash will be needed to fund working capital growth in our local operations. The majority of our international cash was invested in our cash pool and was available to fund general corporate needs.

We manage our cash and debt closely to optimize our capital structure. As our cash balances build, we tend to pay down debt as appropriate, as we did during the third quarter of 2011. Conversely, when working capital needs grow, we tend to use corporate cash and cash available in the cash pool first, and then access our borrowing facilities.

As of October 2, 2011, we had \$145 million of available capacity on our \$150 million revolving credit facility and \$25 million of available capacity on our \$150 million securitization facility. The securitization facility carried \$74 million of short-term borrowings and \$51 million of standby letters of credit related to workers' compensation. Together, the revolving credit and securitization facilities provide the Company with committed funding capacity that may be used for general corporate purposes. While we believe these facilities will cover our anticipated working capital needs, if economic conditions or operating results change significantly, we may need to seek additional sources of funds.

We monitor the credit ratings of our major banking partners on a regular basis. We also have regular discussions with them. Based on our reviews and communications, we believe the risk of one or more of our banks not being able to honor their commitments is insignificant. We also review the ratings and holdings of our money market funds and other investment vehicles regularly to ensure high credit quality and access to our invested cash.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this report are “forward-looking” statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include statements which are predictive in nature, which depend upon or refer to future events or conditions, or which include words such as “expects,” “anticipates,” “intends,” “plans,” “believes,” “estimates,” or variations or negatives thereof or by similar or comparable words or phrases. In addition, any statements concerning future financial performance (including future revenues, earnings or growth rates), ongoing business strategies or prospects, and possible future actions by us that may be provided by management, including oral statements or other written materials released to the public, are also forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and projections about future events and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and assumptions about our company and economic and market factors in the countries in which we do business, among other things. These statements are not guarantees of future performance, and we have no specific intention to update these statements.

Actual events and results may differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in forward-looking statements due to a number of factors. The principal important risk factors that could cause our actual performance and future events and actions to differ materially from such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, competitive market pressures including pricing, changing market and economic conditions, our ability to achieve our business strategy, including our ability to successfully expand into new markets and service lines, material changes in demand from or loss of large corporate customers, impairment charges initiated by adverse industry or market developments, unexpected termination of customer contracts, availability of temporary workers with appropriate skills required by customers, liabilities for employment-related claims and losses, including class action lawsuits, liability for improper disclosure of sensitive or private employee information, unexpected changes in claim trends on workers’ compensation and benefit plans, our ability to maintain specified financial covenants in our bank facilities, our ability to access credit markets and continued availability of financing for funding working capital, our ability to sustain critical business applications through our key data centers, our ability to effectively implement and manage our information technology programs, our ability to retain the services of our senior management, local management and field personnel, the impact of changes in laws and regulations (including federal, state and international tax laws and the upcoming expiration of the U.S. work opportunity credit program), the net financial impact of recent U.S. healthcare legislation on our business, and risks associated with conducting business in foreign countries, including foreign currency fluctuations. Certain risk factors are discussed more fully under “Risk Factors” in Part I, Item 1A of the Company’s Annual Report filed on Form 10-K.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are exposed to foreign currency risk primarily due to our net investment in foreign subsidiaries, which conduct business in their local currencies. We may also utilize local currency-denominated borrowings.

In addition, we are exposed to interest rate risks through our use of the multi-currency line of credit and other borrowings. A hypothetical fluctuation of 10% of market interest rates would not have a material impact on 2011 third quarter earnings.

Marketable equity investments, representing our investment in Temp Holdings, are stated at fair value and marked to market through stockholders’ equity, net of tax. Impairments in value below historical cost, if any, deemed to be other than temporary, would be expensed in the consolidated statement of earnings. See the Fair Value Measurements footnote in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further discussion.

We are exposed to market risk as a result of our obligation to pay benefits under our nonqualified deferred compensation plan and our related investments in company-owned variable universal life insurance policies. The obligation to employees increases and decreases based on movements in the equity and debt markets. The investments in mutual funds, as part of the company-owned variable universal life insurance policies, are designed to mitigate, but not eliminate, this risk with offsetting gains and losses.

Overall, our holdings and positions in market risk-sensitive instruments do not subject us to material risk.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Based on their evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")) are effective.

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

The Company is the subject of two pending class action lawsuits. The two lawsuits, Fuller v. Kelly Services, Inc. and Kelly Home Care Services, Inc., pending in the Superior Court of California, Los Angeles, and Sullivan v. Kelly Services, Inc., pending in the U.S. District Court Southern District of California, both involve claims for monetary damages by current and former temporary employees working in the State of California.

The Fuller matter involves claims relating to alleged misclassification of personal attendants as exempt and not entitled to overtime compensation under state law and alleged technical violations of a state law governing the content of employee pay stubs. The Sullivan matter relates to claims by temporary workers for compensation while interviewing for assignments. Tentative settlements have been reached in both matters and are awaiting final court approval. A \$1.2 million after-tax charge related to the Fuller matter was recognized in discontinued operations during the second quarter of 2011.

The Company is continuously engaged in litigation arising in the ordinary course of its business, typically matters alleging employment discrimination, alleging wage and hour violations or enforcing the restrictive covenants in the Company's employment agreements. While there is no expectation that any of these matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows, litigation is always subject to inherent uncertainty and the Company is not able to reasonably predict if any matter will be resolved in a manner that is materially adverse to the Company.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes in the Company's risk factors disclosed in Part I, Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report filed on Form 10-K for year ended January 2, 2011.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

(a) Sales of Equity Securities Not Registered Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1933

None.

(c) Issuer Repurchases of Equity Securities

<u>Period</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased</u>	<u>Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit)</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs</u>	<u>Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (in millions of dollars)</u>
July 4, 2011 through August 7, 2011	949	\$ 15.29	—	\$ —
August 8, 2011 through September 4, 2011	—	—	—	\$ —
September 5, 2011 through October 2, 2011	801	12.33	—	\$ —
Total	<u>1,750</u>	<u>\$ 13.93</u>	<u>—</u>	

We may reacquire shares to cover taxes due upon the vesting of restricted stock held by employees. Accordingly, 1,750 shares were reacquired in transactions during the quarter.

Item 6. Exhibits.

See Index to Exhibits required by Item 601, Regulation S-K, set forth on page 32 of this filing.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

KELLY SERVICES, INC.

Date: November 9, 2011

/s/ Patricia Little
Patricia Little
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: November 9, 2011

/s/ Michael E. Debs
Michael E. Debs
Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)

**INDEX TO EXHIBITS
REQUIRED BY ITEM 601,
REGULATION S-K**

Exhibit No.	Description
10.4	Kelly Services, Inc. Non-Employee Directors Stock Option Plan (Reference is made to Exhibit 10.4 to the Form 10-Q filed with the Commission on May 11, 2011, which is incorporated herein by reference).
10.6	Amended and restated five-year, secured, revolving credit agreement, dated March 31, 2011 (Reference is made to Exhibit 10.6 to the Form 8-K filed with the Commission on April 6, 2011, which is incorporated herein by reference).
10.16	Receivables Purchase Agreement Amendment No. 2 (Reference is made to Exhibit 10.16 to the Form 8-K filed with the Commission on April 6, 2011, which is incorporated herein by reference).
31.1	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended.
31.2	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended.
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Carl T. Camden, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Kelly Services, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 9, 2011

/s/ Carl T. Camden
Carl T. Camden
President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Patricia Little, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Kelly Services, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 9, 2011

/s/ Patricia Little
Patricia Little
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Kelly Services, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 2, 2011 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Carl T. Camden, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 9, 2011

/s/ Carl T. Camden

Carl T. Camden
President and Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Kelly Services, Inc. and will be retained by Kelly Services, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Kelly Services, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 2, 2011 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Patricia Little, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934;
and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 9, 2011

/s/ Patricia Little
Patricia Little
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Kelly Services, Inc. and will be retained by Kelly Services, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.